

## Impact of storage installation on feed-in tariff eligibility

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| Jurisdiction                 | Policy   |
|------------------------------|--|
| Australian Capital Territory | Feed in tariffs are not available if the system includes a storage device that is connected to any another source of electricity, other than a compliant renewable energy generator under the Act. This is to prevent feed-in tariff payments for electricity generated by a source of electricity that is not a compliant renewable energy generator connected under the Act.                       |
| New South Wales              | Whether or not a battery is allowed with a Scheme generator depends on the configuration. It is important that exports for which Solar Bonus Scheme credits are earned only come from the PV system. That is, it must not be possible for the battery to be charged by off peak mains electricity or any source other than the Scheme generator if that energy is to be exported for Scheme Credits. |
| Northern Territory           | NT continues to offer a one-for-one feed-in tariff. Eligibility is not affected by installation of battery storage.  |
| Queensland                   | The policy situation in Queensland is unclear. It might be clarified through the review of solar feed-in tariffs.  |
| South Australia              | A customer that receives the solar feed-in tariff and installs an energy storage device will cease receiving the solar feed-in tariff once the energy storage device is installed. See <a href="#">here</a> for further information.   |
| Tasmania                     | There is currently no restriction in Tasmania.   |
| Victoria                     | There is currently no restriction in Victoria.   |
| Western Australia            | Customers may install non-exporting batteries behind the inverter without the retailer being involved. As such, installation of batteries does not affect premium feed-in tariff eligibility.  |